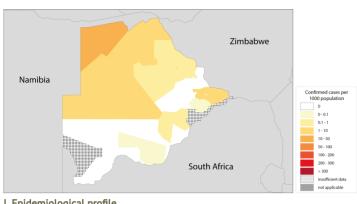
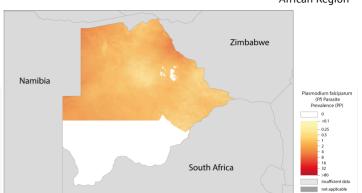
Botswana African Region





I. Epidemiological profile

Population (UN Population Division)	2017	%
High transmission (>1 case per 1000 population)	96.5K	4
Low transmission (0-1 case per 1000 population)	1.4M	62
Malaria free (0 cases)	772.3K	34
Total	2.3M	

Parasites and vectors			
Major plasmodium species:	P.falciparum: 10	00 (%), P.vivax: 0 (%)	
Major anopheles species:	An. arabiensis,	An. gambiae	
Reported confirmed cases (health facility):	1900	Estimated cases:	3K [2.3K, 4.2K]
Confirmed cases at community level:	-		
Confirmed cases from private sector:	9		
Reported deaths:	17	Estimated deaths:	7 [0, 15]

II. Intervention policies and strategies

Intervention	Policies/Strategies	Yes/ No	Year adopted
ITN	ITNs/LLINs distributed free of charge	Yes	2009
,	ITNs/LLINs distributed to all age groups	Yes	1997
IRS	IRS is recommended	Yes	1950
	DDT is used for IRS	Yes	1950
Larval control	Use of Larval Control	Yes	2012
IPT	IPT used to prevent malaria during pregnancy	No	-
Diagnosis	Patients of all ages should receive diagnostic test	Yes	2010
	Malaria diagnosis is free of charge in the public sector	Yes	1995
Treatment	ACT is free for all ages in public sector	Yes	2007
	The sale of oral artemisinin-based monotherapies (oAMTs)	is banned	2007
	Single dose of primaquine (0.25 mg base/kg) is used as gametocidal medicine for P. falciparum	Yes	2015
	Primaquine is used for radical treatment of P. vivax	Yes	2015
	G6PD test is a requirement before treatment with primaquine	No	-
	Directly observed treatment with primaquine is undertaken	Yes	2016
	System for monitoring of adverse reaction to antimalarials exists	Yes	2012
Surveillance	ACD for case investigation (reactive)	Yes	2012
	ACD at community level of febrile cases (pro-active)	Yes	2012
	Mass screening is undertaken	Yes	2017
	Uncomplicated P. falciparum cases routinely admitted	No	-
	Uncomplicated P. vivax cases routinely admitted	No	-
	Case and foci investigation undertaken	Yes	
	Case reporting from private sector is mandatory	Yes	2003

Antimalaria treatmer	nt polic	У			Medicine \	/ear adopted
First-line treatment (of unco	nfirmed mala	aria		AL	2007
First-line treatment	of P. fal	ciparum			AL	2007
For treatment failure	of P. fa	ılciparum			QN	2007
Treatment of severe	malaria				QN	2007
Treatment of P. vivax					-	-
Dosage of primaquin	e for ra	dical treatm	ent of P	. vivax	0.25 mg	/Kg (14 days)
					DC · II	: (C)
Type of RDT used					P.T + all Sp	ecies (Combo)
Type of RDT used Therapeutic efficacy	tests (c	linical and pa	arasitol	ogical failure,		decies (Combo)
**	tests (c Min	linical and pa	arasitol Max	ogical failure, Follow-up		Species (Combo)
Therapeutic efficacy Medicine Year	Min	Median	Max 10-201	Follow-up	%)	Species
Therapeutic efficacy Medicine Year Resistance status by Insecticide class Carbamates	Min	Median ide class (20 Years 2011-2012	Max 10-201	Follow-up 7) and use of (%) sites ¹ 0% (4)	%) No. of studies class for malaria vecto	Species r control (2017 Used ³ No
Therapeutic efficacy Medicine Year Resistance status by Insecticide class Carbamates Organochlorines	Min	Median iide class (20 Years	Max 10-201	Follow-up 7) and use of (%) sites ¹	%) No. of studies class for malaria vecto	Species r control (2017 Used ³ No Yes
Therapeutic efficacy Medicine Year Resistance status by Insecticide class Carbamates Organochlorines Organophosphates	Min	Median iide class (20 Years 2011-2012 2010-2014	Max 110-201	Follow-up 7) and use of (%) sites ¹ 0% (4) 0% (8)	No. of studies class for malaria vecto Vectors ² - -	Species r control (2017 Used ³ No Yes No
Therapeutic efficacy Medicine Year Resistance status by Insecticide class Carbamates Organochlorines	Min	Median ide class (20 Years 2011-2012	Max 110-201	Follow-up 7) and use of (%) sites ¹ 0% (4)	%) No. of studies class for malaria vecto	Species r control (2017 Used ³ No Yes
Therapeutic efficacy Medicine Year Resistance status by Insecticide class Carbamates Organochlorines Organophosphates	Min	Median ride class (20 Years 2011-2012 2010-2014 - 2010-2014	Max 110-201	Follow-up 7) and use of (%) sites ¹ 0% (4) 0% (8) - 42.86% (7)	No. of studies class for malaria vecto Vectors ² - - An. gambiae s.l.	Species r control (2017 Used ³ No Yes No
Therapeutic efficacy Medicine Year Resistance status by Insecticide class Carbamates Organochlorines Organophosphates Pyrethroids	Min insection	Median ide class (20 Years 2011-2012 2010-2014 - 2010-2014 nce confirmed a	Max 110-201	Follow-up 7) and use of (%) sites ¹ 0% (4) 0% (8) - 42.86% (7)	No. of studies class for malaria vecto Vectors ² - - An. gambiae s.l.	Species r control (2017 Used ³ No Yes No